(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## **OLICUT-TF**



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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

#### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: OLICUT-TF

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Metalworking fluid

#### Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: OLIPES SL

Address: C/ ALUMINIO, 2-3 (Parque Empresarial Borondo)

City: Campo Real - 28510
Province: Madrid (Spain)
Telephone: +0034918765244
Fax: +0034918733886
E-mail: calidad@olipes.com
Web: www.olipes.com

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)
Servicio de Información Toxicológica (Instituto Nacional de Toxicología y Ciencias Forenses) Teléfono: +34 91 5620420.
Información en español (24h/365 días). Únicamente con la finalidad de proporcionar respuesta sanitaria en caso de urgencia.

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Aquatic Chronic 2 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Asp. Tox. 1 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Lact.: May cause harm to breast-fed children.

### 2.2 Label elements.

## Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:





### Signal Word:

## **Danger**

H statements:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

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P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTERor a doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with the legislation in force.

#### Contains:

distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic, Baseoil — unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 oF (19cSt at 40 oC).]

alkanes, C14-17, chloro, chlorinated paraffins, C14-17

#### 2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.**

#### 3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

#### 3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

			(*)Classification No 127	- Regulation (EC) 2/2008
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 649-455- 00-2 CAS No: 64741-89-5 EC No: 265-091-3 Registration No: 01- 2119487067-30-XXXX	distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic, Baseoil — unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 oF (19cSt at 40 oC).]	10 - 99.99 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-
Index No: 602-095- 00-X CAS No: 85535-85-9 EC No: 287-477-0 Registration No: 01- 2119519269-33-XXXX	alkanes, C14-17, chloro, chlorinated paraffins, C14-17	2.5 - 24.99 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) - Lact., H362	-
CAS No: 8042-47-5 EC No: 232-455-8 Registration No: 01- 2119487078-27-XXXX	[1] White mineral oil (petroleum)	0 - 2.49 %	-	-
Index No: 649-422- 00-2 CAS No: 64742-47-8 EC No: 265-149-8 Registration No: 01- 2119484819-18-XXXX	[1] distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Kerosine — unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C16 and boiling in the range of approximately 150 oC to 290 oC (302 oFto 554 oF).]	0 - 9.99 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-

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Index No: 612-026- 00-5 CAS No: 122-39-4 EC No: 204-539-4 Registration No: 01- 2119488966-13-XXXX	[1] diphenylamine	0 - 0.249 %	Acute Tox. 3 *, H311 - Acute Tox. 3 *, H331 - Acute Tox. 3 *, H301 - Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - STOT RE 2 *, H373 **	-
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<sup>(\*)</sup> The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

#### Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

#### Eve contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

#### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

#### Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Harmful Product, prolonged exposure due to inhalation may cause anaesthetic effects and the need for immediate medical assistance.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Do not induce vomiting. If the person vomits, clear the respiratory tract.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.**

The product is NOT classified as flammable, in case of fire the following measures should be taken:

### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

### Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

### Special risks.

<sup>\*, \*\*</sup> See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

<sup>[1]</sup> Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment.

#### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25 ° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

Classification and threshold amount of storage in accordance with Annex I to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

		Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
Code	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS - Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Chronic 2	200	500

### 7.3 Specific end use(s).

Professional use only.

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## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.**

### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
		I Fsnana I I I	Eight hours		5 (Nieblas)
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5		Short term		10 (Nieblas)
Write mineral on (petroleum)	0042-47-3	Éire [2]	Eight hours		5
			Short term		
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated			Eight hours		100
light, Kerosine — unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C16 and boiling in the range of approxi mately 150 oC to 290 oC (302 oFto 554 oF).]	64742-47-8	Éire [2]	Short term		
		Ecnaña [1]	Eight hours		10
		Lapana [1]	España [1] Short term		
diphenylamine	122-39-4	United	Eight hours		10
	122-33-4	Kingdom [3]	Short term		20
		Éire [2]	Eight hours		10
			Short term	T .::	20

<sup>[1]</sup> Según la lista de Valores Límite Ambientales de Exposición Profesional adoptados por el Instituto Nacional de Seguridad y Salud en el Trabajo (INSST) para el año 2018.

<sup>[3]</sup> According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive. The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values. Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
alkanes, C14-17, chloro, chlorinated paraffins, C14-17	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	6,7
CAS No: 85535-85-9	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
FC No: 287-477-0	,		, ,

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

## 8.2 Exposure controls.

### Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %
Uses:	Metalworking fluid
<b>Breathing protect</b>	tion:
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor.

<sup>[2]</sup> According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

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Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach Observations: the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer. Filter Type needed: Hand protection: Protective gloves against chemicals. PPE: Characteristics: «CE» marking, category III. CEN standards: EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420 Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Maintenance: Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Observations: Always use with clean, dry hands. Breakthrough time Material thickness PVC (polyvinyl chloride) 0,35 Material: > 480 (min.): (mm): Eye protection: Protective goggles with built-in frame. PPF: «CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against Characteristics: dust, smoke, fog and vapour. CEN standards: EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168 Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should Maintenance: be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, Observations: scraping etc. Skin protection: PPE: Protective clothing. «CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in Characteristics: order not to obstruct the user's movements. CFN standards: EN 340 In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by Maintenance: the manufacturer. The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in Observations: terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.

This product adapts to the first user's foot shape. That is why, as well as for hygienic reasons, it should

Work footwear for professional use includes protection elements aimed at protecting users against any

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Work footwear.

«CE» marking, category II.

not be used by other people.

injury resulting from an accident

EN ISO 13287, EN 20347

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour

Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour:Suave

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH:N.A./N.A.

PPE:

Characteristics:

CEN standards:

Maintenance:

Observations:

Melting point:-10 °C Boiling Point: >250 °C Flash point: >170 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A. Vapour density: N.A./N.A. Relative density: 0.920

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Solubility: Disolventes Petrolíferos Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: < 0.1%

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

# **9.2 Other information.** Dropping point: N.A./N.A.

Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: 15 cSt a 40°C

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.**

#### 10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product does not present possibility of hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid any improper handling.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

No decomposition if used for the intended uses.

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

There are no tested data available on the product.

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

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g) reproductive toxicity;

Product classified:

Effects on or via lactation: May cause harm to breast-fed children.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Not conclusive data for classification.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard;

Product classified:

Aspiration toxicity, Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

#### 12.1 Toxicity.

No information is available regarding the ecotoxicity of the substances present.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Nama			Bioaccumulation			
	Name		BCF	NOECs	Level	
White mineral oil (petroleum)					., .	
CAS No: 8042-47-5	EC No: 232-455-8	0	-	-	Very low	
diphenylamine		2.5		_	Moderate	
CAS No: 122-39-4	EC No: 204-539-4	3,5	-	-	Moderate	

### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

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Waste classification according to the European Waste Catalogue:

12 WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS

12 01 wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics

12 01 06 mineral-based machining oils containing halogens (except emulsions and solutions)

Waste classified as hazardous.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.**

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

<u>Sea:</u> Transport by ship: IMDG.
Transport documentation: Bill of lading
<u>Air</u>: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA.
Transport document: Airway bill.

# **14.1 UN number.** UN No: UN3082

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR: UN 3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ALKANES, C14-17, CHLORO CHLORINATED PARAFFINS, C14-17), 9, PG III, (-)

IMDG: UN 3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ALKANES, C14-17, CHLORO CHLORINATED PARAFFINS, C14-17), 9, PG III, MARINE POLLUTANT

ICAO/IATA: UN 3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ALKANES, C14-17, CHLORO CHLORINATED PARAFFINS, C14-17), 9, PG III

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 9

## 14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: Yes



Dangerous for the environment

### 14.6 Special precautions for user.

Lahels: 9



Hazard number: 90 ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 30 kg B

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Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-A,S-F Proceed in accordance with point 6.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): E2

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

Substances including by Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals:

Name	
diphenylamine	
CAS No: 122-39-4	
EC No: 204-539-4	
Annex I Part 1 - Subcategory	Limitation
Pesticide in the group of plant protection products	Ban
Annex I Part 2 - Category	Limitation
Pesticides	Ban

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.**

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H301 Toyic if swallowed

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 3

Aquatic Acute 1: Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1

Lact.: Effects on or via lactation

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2

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Changes regarding to the previous version:

- Removal of precautionary statements/hazard statements/pictograms/signal word (SECTION 2.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Elimination of exposure data (SECTION 8.1).
- Addition of exposure data (SECTION 8.1).
- Addition of personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Modifications of the personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 11.1).
- Addition of ecological information values (SECTION 12.3).
- Modification of the classification ADR/IMDG/ICAO/IATA/RID (SECTION 14).
- Addition of abbreviations and acronyms (SECTION 16).

# Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data
Health hazards Calculation method
Environmental hazards Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be

considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
 PPE: Personal protection equipment.
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water. NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.