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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: MAXISOL AL

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Metalworking fluid

Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: OLIPES SL

Address: C/ ALUMINIO, 2-3 (Parque Empresarial Borondo)

City: Campo Real - 28510
Province: Madrid (Spain)
Telephone: +0034918765244
Fax: +0034918733886
E-mail: calidad@olipes.com
Web: www.olipes.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00) Servicio de Información Toxicológica (Instituto Nacional de Toxicología y Ciencias Forenses) Teléfono: +34 91 5620420. Información en español (24h/365 días). Únicamente con la finalidad de proporcionar respuesta sanitaria en caso de urgencia.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Eye Irrit. $\mathbf 2$: Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Irrit. 2: Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. ${\bf 1}$: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:



Signal Word:

Warning

H statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

P statements:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P321 Specific treatment (if possible visit your doctor with the safety data sheet for this product).

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

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P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with the legislation in force.

Contains:

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one,1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one

1,3,5-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine,2,2',2""-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol

2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic

3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

				- Regulation (EC) 2/2008
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 649-455- 00-2 CAS No: 64741-89-5 EC No: 265-091-3 Registration No: 01- 2119487067-30-XXXX	[1] A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 1000F (19cSt at 400C).,Baseoil - unspecified,Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic	10 - 49.99 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-
Index No: 649-465- 00-7 CAS No: 64742-52-5 EC No: 265-155-0 Registration No: 01- 2119467170-45-XXXX	[1] A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.,Baseoil - unspecified,Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	10 - 24.99 %	-	-
Index No: 649-422- 00-2 CAS No: 64742-47-8 EC No: 265-149-8 Registration No: 01- 2119484819-18-XXXX	A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C16 and boiling in the range of approximately 150°C to 290°C (302°F to 554°F). Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Kerosine - unspecified	10 - 24.99 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-
Index No: 019-002- 00-8 CAS No: 1310-58-3 EC No: 215-181-3 Registration No: 01- 2119487136-33-XXXX	[1] caustic potash,potassium hydroxide	0.5 - 1.99 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Skin Corr. 1A, H314	Skin Corr. 1A, H314: C ≥ 5 % Skin Corr. 1B, H314: 2 % ≤ C < 5 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0,5 % ≤ C < 2 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0,5 % ≤ C < 2 %

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	T	ı		ĺ
Index No: 603-108- 00-1 CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0 Registration No: 01- 2119484609-23-XXXX	[1] 2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol	1 - 2.99 %	Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 613-114- 00-6 CAS No: 4719-04-4 EC No: 225-208-0 Registration No: 01- 2119529226-41-XXXX	1,3,5-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine,2,2',2""-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	0.1 - 0.99 %	Acute Tox. 2, H330 - Acute Tox. 4, H302 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Skin Sens. 1, H317 - STOT RE 1, H372	Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0,1 %
Index No: 613-088- 00-6 CAS No: 2634-33-5 EC No: 220-120-9	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one,1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	0.05 - 0.99 %	Acute Tox. 4, H302 - Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0,05 %
Index No: 011-002- 00-6 CAS No: 1310-73-2 EC No: 215-185-5 Registration No: 01- 2119457892-27-XXXX	[1] caustic soda,sodium hydroxide	0 - 0.499 %	Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Met. Corr. 1, H290 - Skin Corr. 1A, H314	Skin Corr. 1A, H314: $C \ge 5$ % Skin Corr. 1B, H314: 2 % $\le C$ < 5 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0,5 % $\le C < 2$ % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0,5 % $\le C < 2$ %

^(*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet. * See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

^[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

It may cause an allergic reaction, dermatitis, redness or inflammation of the skin.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

The product is NOT classified as flammable, in case of fire the following measures should be taken:

5.1 Extinguishing media.

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.

Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways.

Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.

Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Pick up the spill with non-combustible absorbent materials (soil, sand, vermiculite, diatomite, etc.). Pour the product and the absorbent in an appropriate container. The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate decontaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

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Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

7.3 Specific end use(s).

Professional use only.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 1000F (19cSt at 400C).,Baseoil - unspecified,Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic	64741-89-5	España [1]	Short term		10
A complex combination of			Eight hours		5
hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.,Baseoil - unspecified,Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742 52 5	España [1]	Short term		10
		España [1]	Eight hours		
caustic potash,potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	United	Short term		2
		Kingdom [2]	Eight hours Short term		2
			Eight hours	50	154
2 mothydrygan 1 olice bytanol	78-83-1	España [1]	Short term	30	
2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol	78-83-1	United	Eight hours	50	154
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	75	231
		España [1]	Eight hours		
caustic soda,sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2		Short term		2
	1010 / 5 2	United	Eight hours		
		Kingdom [2]	Short term		2

^[1] Según la lista de Valores Límite Ambientales de Exposición Profesional adoptados por el Instituto Nacional de Seguridad e Higiene en el Trabajo (INSHT) para el año 2017.

^[2] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive. The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values. Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

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Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol CAS No: 78-83-1	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310 (mg/m³)
EC No: 201-148-0	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55 (mg/m³)
1,3,5-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine,2,2',2""-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol CAS No: 4719-04-4 EC No: 225-208-0	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	0,2 (mg/m³)
caustic soda,sodium hydroxide CAS No: 1310-73-2	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	1 (mg/m³)
EC No: 215-185-5	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	1 (mg/m³)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,4 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,04 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	11 (mg/L)
	STP	10 (mg/L)
2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol	sediment (freshwater)	1,52 (mg/kg
CAS No: 78-83-1		sediment dw)
EC No: 201-148-0	sediment (marine water)	0,152 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,0699
		(mg/kg soil
		dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic

8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %	
Uses:	Metalworking fluid	
Breathing prote	tion:	
If the recommend	d technical measures are observed, no individual protection equipment is necessary.	
Hand protection		
PPE:	Work gloves.	
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category I.	
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420	
	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible	le.
Maintenance:	Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.	
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.	
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride) Breakthrough time (min.): Material thickness (mm): 0,35	
Eye protection:		
PPE:	Face shield.	
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.	
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168	

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Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should Maintenance: be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly. Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm Observations: vertically once attached to the frame. Skin protection: Protective clothing. PPE: «CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in Characteristics: order not to obstruct the user's movements. CEN standards: EN 340 In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by Maintenance: the manufacturer. The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in Observations: terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use. ppF. Work footwear. Characteristics: «CE» marking, category II. EN ISO 13287, EN 20347 CEN standards: This product adapts to the first user's foot shape. That is why, as well as for hygienic reasons, it should Maintenance: not be used by other people. Work footwear for professional use includes protection elements aimed at protecting users against any Observations: injury resulting from an accident

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour

Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour:Suave

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH:9-10

Melting point:-10 °C Boiling Point: >100 °C Flash point: >100 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A. Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A.

Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A. Vapour density:N.A./N.A. Relative density:0,98 Solubility:Disolventes petrolíferos

Liposolubility: N.A./N.A.

Hydrosolubility: Emulisonable

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

9.2 Other information.

Pour point: N.A./N.A. Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: 32 cSt @ 40°C

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.

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The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

10.2 Chemical stability.

Unstable in contact with:

- Acids.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Neutralization can occur on contact with acids.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.

- Avoid contact with acids.

10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

Depending on conditions of use, can be generated the following products:

- Corrosive vapors or gases.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

$\label{toxicological} \textbf{Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.}$

Name	Acute toxicity				
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
		LD50	Rat	1020 mg/kg bw [1]	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one,1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Oral	[1] Pharm 385, 1971	acological Rese	arch Communications. Vol. 3, Pg.	
Benzisotniazonin 5 one	Dermal				
CAS No: 2634-33-5 EC No: 220-120-9	Inhalation				
		LD50	Rabbit	325 mg/kg bw [1]	
caustic soda,sodium hydroxide	Oral	experiment	unyn-Schmiedel tielle Pathologie 184, 587-604		
	Dermal				
CAS No: 1310-73-2 EC No: 215-185-5	Inhalation				

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):

Mixtures:

ATE (Oral) = 38.168 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Product classified:

Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

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c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Product classified:

Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Product classified:

Skin sensitiser, Category 1: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Maria	Ecotoxicity				
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one,1,2- benzisothiazolin-3-one	Fish	LC50 Fish 10 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Linden, E., B.E. Bengtsson, O. Svanberg, and G. Sundstrom 1979. The Acute Toxicity of 78 Chemicals and Pesticide Formulations Against Two Brackish Water Organisms, the Bleak (Alburnus alburnus) and the Harpacticoid Nitocra spinipes. Chemosphere 8(11/12):843- 851 (Author Communication Used) (OECDG Data File)			
Denzisotniazoiin-3-one	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50 Crustacean 4,4 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington, D.C			
CAS No: 2634-33-5 EC No: 220-120-9	Aquatic plants				
	Fish	Minimal Lethal Concentra tion	Notropis sp.	100 mg/L (120 h) [1]	
caustic soda,sodium hydroxide		[1] Van Horn et al. (1949), Effects of Kraft Mill Wastes, American Fisheries Society			
	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50	Ophryotrocha diadema JG (1984), Wat Res,	33 mg/L (48 h) [1]	
	Aquatic plants	[I] I dikei	30 (1307), Wat Nes,	10, 003 000	

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12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name		Bioaccumulation			
		Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol		0,76	_	_	
CAS No: 78-83-1	EC No: 201-148-0	0,70			

12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

Waste classification according to the European Waste Catalogue:

14 WASTE ORGANIC SOLVENTS, REFRIGERANTS AND PROPELLANTS (EXCEPT 07 AND 08)

14 06 waste organic solvents, refrigerants and foam/aerosol propellants

14 06 03 other solvents and solvent mixtures

Waste classified as hazardous.

Method of treatment according to Directive 2008/98/EC:

Recovery

R3 Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents (including composting and other biological transformation processes)

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transportation is not dangerous. In case of road accident causing the product's spillage, proceed in accordance with point 6.

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14.1 UN number.

Transportation is not dangerous.

14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

Transportation is not dangerous. ADR: IMDG: Transportation is not dangerous.

Transportation is not dangerous. ICAO/IATA:

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Transportation is not dangerous.

14.4 Packing group.

Transportation is not dangerous.

14.5 Environmental hazards.

Transportation is not dangerous.

14.6 Special precautions for user.

Transportation is not dangerous.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

Transportation is not dangerous.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 2 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 2 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 : Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1 Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3 Met. Corr. 1 : Corrosive to metals, Category 1 Skin Corr. 1A : Skin Corrosive, Category 1A Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1

STOT RE 1 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 1 STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Sections changed compared with the previous version:

1,2,3,8,11,14,16

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used: BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be

considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

EC50: Half maximal effective concentration. PPE: Personal protection equipment. LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water. NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are

not expected in the environmental compartment.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.